VLR - 4/28/95 NRHP-7/7/95 NPS FORM 10-900 (Oct. 1990)

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES REGISTRATION FORM

This form is for use in nominating or requesting determinations for individual properties and districts. See instructions in How to Complete the National Register of Historic Places Registration Form (National Register Bulletin 16A).

Complete each item by marking "x" in the appropriate box or by entering the information requested. If any item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable." For functions, architectural classification, materials, and areas of significance, enter only categories and subcategories from the instructions. Place additional entries and narrative items on continuation sheets (NPS Form 10-900a). Use a typewriter, word processor, or computer, to complete all items.

1 Nome of Brone					
1. Name of Properties historic name other names/site	Rc			irch	
======================================				:=======	=======================================
street & number city or town state Virginia	71how+a		jct. w/SR 4 Brunswick		for publication N vicinity 25 zip code 238
3. State/Federal	l Agency Cert	ification			
As the designated authority request for determina Historic Places and meets x meets does not me statewide x locally.	y under the National ition of eligibility me the procedural and peet the National Regis. (See continua	Historic Preserva eets the document rofessional requi iter Criteria. I tion sheet for ad	tion Act of 1986, a cation standards for rements set forth recommend that this dditional comments.	s amended, I hereby r registering prope in 36 CFR Part 60. property be cons	y certify that this _x_ nomina erties in the National Registe In my opinion, the property idered significant nation
Signature of cer	Ar Jusm	(k)	_	<u>6/5/95</u>	
Virginia Departm State or Federal In my opinion, the propert Register criteria. (S	l agency and	bureau			
Signature of commenting or	other official	Date			
State or Federal agency an	nd bureau				
4. National Park	Service Cer	======= tification			
I, hereby certify that thi entered in the Nation See continuation determined eligible f National Register See continuation determined not eligib National Register removed from the Nation other (explain):	al Register sheet. or the sheet. le for the onal Register				
			Signatu	re of Keepe	of Action

Rocky Run Methodist Church	Brunswick County, Virginia
5. Classification	
Ownership of Property (Check as many boxes as apply) x private public-local public-State public-Federal	
Category of Property (Check only one box) x building(s) district site structure object	
Number of Resources within Property	
Contributing Noncontributing 2	
Number of contributing resources previously listed in Register0_	n the National
Name of related multiple property listing (Enter "N/A' a multiple property listing.) N/A	if property is not part of
6. Function or Use	**************************************
Historic Functions (Enter categories from instruction Cat: RELIGION Sub: Religious	s facility
Current Functions (Enter categories from instructions Cat: RELIGION Sub: Religious	facility
z==z===z==z==z==z==z==z==z==z==z==z==z=	
Architectural Classification (Enter categories from i	nstructions)
MID-19TH CENTURY: Greek Revival	instructions,
Materials (Enter categories from instructions) foundation STONE: sandstone walls WOOD: weatherboard	
roof METAL CONCRETE	

Narrative Description (Describe the historic and current condition of the property on one or more continuation sheets.)

Rocky Run Methodist Church	Brunswick County, Virginia
10. Geographical Data	
Acreage of Property4 acres	
UTM References (Place additional UTM references on a continuation sheet)	
Zone Easting Northing Zone Eastin	g Northing
1 18 238180 4091150 2	
3 4	
See continuation sheet.	
Verbal Boundary Description (Describe the boundaries of the property on a continuation sh	eet.)
Boundary Justification (Explain why the boundaries were selected on a continuation s	heet.)
======================================	
name/titleJames and Marilyn Melchor; Caroline C. Fishe organizationdate street & number1218 North Fairwater Drivetelephone	r (MWC)
city or town Norfolk state_VA_ zip c	ode23508-1115
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Continuation Sheets	
Maps A USGS map (7.5 or 15 minute series) indicating the property's location. A sketch map for historic districts and properties having large acreage or numerous resources.	
Photographs Representative black and white photographs of the property.	
Additional items (Check with the SHPO or FPO for any additional items)	·
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Complete this item at the request of the SHPO or FPO.)	
name/title	
street & number telephone	
city or townstate_VA_ zip	code

Paperwork Reduction Act Statement: This information is being collected for applications to the National Register of Historic Places to nominate properties for listing or determine eligibility for listing, to list properties, and to amend existing listings. Response to this request is required to obtain a benefit in accordance with the National Historic Preservation Act, as amended (16 U.S.C. 470 et seq.).

Estimated Student Statement: Public reporting burden for this form is estimated to average 18.1 hours per response including the time for reviewing instructions, gathering and maintaining data, and completing and reviewing the form. Direct comments regarding this burden estimate or any aspect of this form to the Chief, Administrative Services Division, National Park Service, P.O. Box 37127, Washington, DC 20013-7127; and the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reductions Project (1024-0018), Washington, DC 20503.

NPS Form 10-900-a (8-86)

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES CONTINUATION SHEET

Section __7_ Page _1_

Rocky Run Methodist Church Brunswick County, Virginia

SUMMARY DESCRIPTION

Route 46 (Christiana Highway) in rural Brunswick County, Virginia. The original wood frame Greek Revival building was built in 1857 on a one-half-acre site and oriented on a north-south axis facing north. The original building is a two-room plan consisting of a narrow narthex and a nave. There is no balcony. In 1956-1957, a masonry addition was constructed attached to the south elevation of the building. The church is located on the crest of a hill and the property is bounded on the north by Highway 616 (Lew Jones Road), and on the east, south, and west by wooded areas that make up the rest of the approximately four acres that the congregation now owns. A rough gravel driveway leads up the hill to a parking area in front of the church. This parking area is designated by white painted markers. A privy is located some twenty-six yards southeast of the church. A cemetery is located on the south side of the building. A modern concrete block and tin pump house is located some twenty-eight yards northeast of the church.

Detailed Description

The original frame building, an example of Greek Revival architecture, was built in 1857. The one-foot-eight-inch foundation is constructed of uncoursed sandstone that has been heavily repaired with cement. The original mortar material appears to have been mud and rock chinking and is still visible in some areas. There are traces of lines scored in the sandstone, indicating the rustication of the foundation. Resting on this foundation is the braced wood frame with six-inch weatherboard cladding. Wooden shutters with moveable louvers flank each of the nine-over-nine double-hung sash windows. Narrow muntins divide the sashes into twelve-bytwenty-inch panes. A simple cornice decorates the eaves of the building and supports the standing-seam metal gable roof. An exterior electric light was added when the building connected to electric service.

The north gable end of the church is the principal facade. It has three bays; the center one is the entrance and the flanking ones are window bays. Engaged Greek Doric pilasters decorate the east and west corners of the facade. There is a partial entablature beneath the pedimented gable. An exterior light fixture extends from the center of the pediment. The facade is dominated by a Roman Doric distyle pedimented porch, which frames the paired, four-panel door church entrance. The porch has a solid masonry base with wooden columns supporting a full entablature and pediment; the porch roof is covered with tin cladding. The wooden columns have narrow strips of wood applied to simulate carved flutes. The name Thos Jefferson is carved into the base of the eastern column and Rocky Run, 1857 is carved into the base of the western column. Tradition states that Thomas Jefferson of Lynchburg, Virginia, was the builder, although Lynchburg records have yet to yield any information on this person.

The east and west elevations are identical, and are marked by three symmetrically spaced double-hung sash windows. The north window on the west elevation has had some of the glass replaced. The proper size pane of glass was unavailable and a muntin was removed; a double-length pane now exists in place of the two original panes. The cornice is a wide, plain board. Narrow interior chimneys are visible from each elevation. They are constructed of brick laid in common bond.

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Rocky Run Methodist Church Brunswick County, Virginia

The south elevation of the church is obscured by the mid-twentieth-century addition. A portion of the original exterior can be seen beneath the eaves. The addition is built of concrete block. It extends from the original building thirty-two feet and is forty-two feet wide. The windows in the addition are four-over-six-light metal casement. Two entrances are present in the addition; one is located on the south elevation and one on the west elevation. There are two concrete block chimneys in the addition, located on the southwest and northeast sides of the roof ridge.

The interior of the original building is a two-room plan: a narthex and a nave. The height of both rooms is approximately sixteen and one-half feet. Entry into the narthex is through a set of double doors that retain the original hardware, consisting of a cast-iron lock, keeper, and hinges. The narthex is five and one-half feet long and extends the width of the church. The floor of the narthex is covered with narrow maple flooring, a change from the original flooring. Oral tradition states that a balcony was once located along the wall separating the narthex from the nave to accommodate seating for slaves. A definite disruption in the plaster and the presence of uncarved gravestones in the church cemetery appear to support this tradition. The walls of the narthex are covered in plaster and the ceiling is constructed of wide pine boards. Access to the loft is through a square opening in this ceiling. The room is illuminated by the two windows located on the facade. Aligned with each of these windows is a single door on either side of the narthex that permit access to the nave. Each individual door retains the original cast-iron lock, keeper, and hinges.

The nave has a double-aisle plan. The flooring is the same narrow maple found in the narthex. Wooden pews are located in the center of the nave and on each side of the aisles in an east-west pattern. The chancel and apse are located at the south end of the room. A single door flanks each side of the apse and leads into the addition. These doors were introduced during the 1956/57 construction of the addition. Several pews oriented on a north-south axis are located on either side of the altar at the south end of the church. The walls in this room are covered in plaster and are devoid of decoration. The molding in the nave is simple: plain boards surround the windows and door.

A recessed half-hexagon apse is located along the south wall. A two-over-two double-hung sash window is located in each of the east and west diagonals. The window molding is decorated with bulls-eye medallions in each corner. The area above the apse is gently arched and decorated pilasters support the arch. A square chancel extends from this wall. It is raised ten inches from the floor, creating a step/kneeling bench. The chancel is further distinguished from the remainder of the nave by a turned-baluster communion rail. Openings in the rail appear in the east and west sides of the chancel to allow entry to the altar area. A central altar is located seven feet from the rear wall of the apse. The ceiling, which has a deep cove, is covered with decorative stamped metal in imitation of coffering.

The former location of pot-bellied stoves and wood furnaces can be seen in the "hanging" chimneys that are located just to the north of the altar. These narrow chimneys extend out from the wall in a square shape that tapers off to an angle midway down from the ceiling. The floor is sagging on each side of the building in the area where the stoves were once located.

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Rocky Run Methodist Church Brunswick County, Virginia

The nave is illuminated by four electric ceiling lamps and one chandelier. The chandelier was originally oil powered but was electrically wired when electricity was introduced into the building.

The doors on each side of the nave lead into the 1956/57 concrete-block addition. The molding surrounding these two added doors differs from the original molding elsewhere in the building. The windows in the apse were not infilled and some of the original weatherboards of the former south exterior are evident in the east hall of the addition. Three small church-school rooms, two restrooms, a kitchen, and a great hall are located in the addition. The walls in these rooms are painted masonry or masonry covered with plaster. Sheetrock cladding appears in some places. The ceiling is also covered in sheetrock. The floor is carpeted except in the restrooms and kitchen where vinyl floor covering is used.

A privy, a contributing resource, is located some twenty-six yards southeast of the building in the wooded area that surrounds the church. It is constructed of oak boards ranging from nine to twelve inches in width. The privy has a tin roof, but is in poor condition. The door hangs from its hinges precariously and the three-seater interior is full of refuse. This privy was constructed in the twentieth century and is the only privy ever to have been built on the property.

The cemetery, a contributing site, is located approximately twenty-three feet from the south elevation of the addition. It extends from the edge of the woods on the east to the edge of the woods on the west. The remains of an iron fence can be seen in the woods along the south and west boundaries of the cemetery. There are approximately forty-four carved gravestones, dating from 1909 to the present. Approximately seven uncarved gravestones representing slave gravesites are located at the west perimeter of the cemetery.

A small, noncontributing, pump house was built about twenty-eight yards northeast of the building when the addition was built. The four-foot by eight-foot building is constructed of concrete block and has a gable roof covered with tin. A well is located on the north side of the pump house.